

LEGEND

	Fire proof construction. (or fire resistive constn)		Window opening in first story.
	Adobe building.		Window openings in second and third stories.
	Stone building.		Window openings in second and fourth stories.
	Concrete, lime, and/or cement brick.		Windows with wired glass.
	Hollow concrete or cement block constn.		Windows with iron or tin clad shutters.
	Concrete or reinforced concrete constn.		Window openings tenth to twenty-second stories.
	Tile building.		Open elevator.
	Brick building with frame cornice.		Frame enclosed elevator.
	" " " stone front, frame side. (DIVIDED BY FRAME PARTITION)		" " " " with traps.
	Brick veneered building.		" " " " self closing traps.
	" " and frame building.		Concrete block enclosed elevator with traps.
	Frame building brick lined.		Tile enclosed elevator with self closing traps.
	" " metal clad.		Brick enclosed elev. with wired glass door.
	Frame building.		Iron chimney.
	Iron building.		Ground elevation.
	Tenant building occupied by various manufacturing or occupancies.		Vertical steam boiler.
	Frame building covered with asbestos.		Gasoline tank.
	Brick building with brick or metal cornice.		Vertical pipe or stand pipe.
	Fire wall 6 inches above roof.		Automatic fire alarm.
	" " " 12 " " "		Independent electric plant.
	" " " 18 " " "		Automatic sprinklers.
	" " " 36 " " "		Automatic fire alarm.
	Figures 8, 12, 16 indicate thickness of wall in inches.		Automatic sprinklers in part of building only. (NOTE: UNDER SYMBOL INDICATES PROTECTED PORTION OF BUILDING)
	Wall without opening and size in inches.		Not sprinklered.
	Wall with openings on floors as designated.		Outside vertical pipe on fire escape.
	Opening with single iron or tin clad door.		Fire alarm box.
	" " double iron " " doors.		Single hydrant.
	" " standard fire doors.		Double.
	Openings with wired glass doors.		Triple.
	Drive or passage way.		Quadruple hydrant of the High Pressure Fire Service.
	Stable.		Fire alarm box of the High Pressure Fire Service.
	Auto. House or private garage.		Water pipes of the High Pressure Fire Service.
	Solid brick with interior walls of C.B. or C.B. and brick mixed.		" " and hydrants of the High Pressure Fire Service as shown on key map.
	Mixed construction of C.B. and brick with one wall of solid brick.		Water pipes of private supply.
	Mixed construction of C.B. and brick with one wall faced with 4" brick.		House numbers shown nearest to buildings are official or actually up on buildings.
	Mixed construction of C.B. and brick throughout.		Old house numbers shown furthest from buildings.

YELLOW COLOR OMITTED IN DESIGNATING FRAME AND VENEERED RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

CODING OF STRUCTURAL UNITS FOR FIREPROOF AND NON-COMBUSTIBLE BUILDINGS			
FRAMING		FLOORS	ROOF
CODE	STRUCTURAL UNIT	CODE	STRUCTURAL UNIT
A.	Reinforced Concrete Frame.	1.	Reinforced Concrete, Reinforced Concrete with Masonry Units.
B.	Reinforced Concrete Joists, Columns, Beams, Trusses, Arches, Masonry Piers.		Fire-cast Concrete or Gypsum Slabs or Planks.
C.	Protected Steel Frame.	2.	Concrete on Metal Lath, Incombustible Form Boards, Paper-backed Wire Fabric, Steel Deck, and Cellular, Ribbed or Corrugated Steel Units.
D.	Individually Protected Steel Joists, Columns, Beams, Trusses, Arches.	3.	Open Steel Deck or Grating.
E.	Indirectly Protected Steel Frame.		
F.	Indirectly Protected Steel Joists, Columns, Beams, Trusses, Arches.		
G.	Unprotected Steel Frame.		
H.	Unprotected Steel Joists, Columns, Beams, Trusses, Arches.		
O.	Masonry Bearing Walls.		

<p>The coding for framing, floor and roof structural units as shown above is used in describing the construction of fire-resistive buildings. In addition, reports for fire-resistive buildings will show the date built and wall construction when other than brick.</p> <p>F P buildings have masonry floors and roof; concrete and/or directly or indirectly protected steel framing; and clay brick, stone or poured concrete walls.</p> <p>F P X buildings are F P buildings with interior walls such as concrete block, cement brick, metal or glass panels, etc.</p> <p>N C building - non-combustible protected steel framing and fire-resistive floors and roof.</p>	<p></p> <p>A fire-resistive building built in 1962 with concrete walls and reinforced concrete frame, floors and roof.</p>
	<p></p> <p>A fire-resistive building built in 1962 with metal panel walls, indirectly protected steel frame, concrete floors and roof on metal lath, noncombustible ceilings.</p>
	<p></p> <p>A noncombustible building built in 1962 with concrete block walls; unprotected steel columns and beams; concrete floors on metal lath and steel deck roof.</p>